



History Skills

- Know key dates, characters and events of time studied.
- Place current study on time line in relation to other studied periods.
- Use relevant dates and terms.
- Use a range of sources to find out about an aspect of time past.
- Suggest omissions and the means of finding out.
- Be aware that different evidence will lead to different conclusions.
- Examine causes and results of great events and the impact on people.

Geography Skills

- Locate places on a world map.
- Confidently identify significant places and environments

Computing Skills

- Work on simple film editing.
- Prepare and present a simple film.

Design and Technology

- Communicate their ideas through detailed labelled drawings.
- Develop a design specification.
- Assemble components make working models
- Achieve a quality product
- Evaluate against their original criteria and suggest ways that their product could be improved



Vikings vs Anglo Saxons

Music Skills

- Listen&Appraise – Finding the pulse, discussing temp, dynamics, texture.
- Singing – sing with awareness of being in tune
- Playing – play a musical instrument with the correct technique
- Improvising – use up to 3 notes to accompany songs
- Compose – create simple melodies using up to 5 notes
- Perform – choose what to perform and evaluate

Science Skills

- Explain whether evidence supports or refutes ideas;
- Identify a mixture by analysing its components
- Explain how Margaret Hamilton, Neil deGrasse Tyson and Stephanie Kwolek's inventions and innovations changed the way we work in Science today.
- Record their results accurately and explain what they show
- Use their results to make new predictions
- Explain their own theories and ideas.

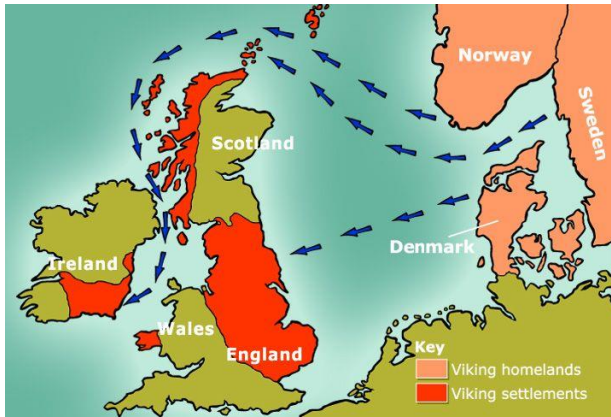
RE Skills

- What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?
- Identify the 5 Pillars of Islam and why these are important to Muslims
- Explore the key belief of Muslims
- Explore the importance of prayer
- Compare Muslim and Christian prayer

Key Vocabulary

Viking, Anglo Saxon, invader, spear, sword, axe, shield, thatched house, longship, Odin, Thor, Freyja, warrior, freeman, slave

Map of Viking Territories



Battle of Hastings

In the early morning of 14 October 1066, two great armies prepared to fight for the throne of England. On a hilltop 7 miles from Hastings were the forces of Harold, who had been crowned king nine months earlier. Facing them on the far side of the valley below were the troops of Duke William of Normandy, who believed he was the rightful king. By the end of the day, thousands lay dead on the battlefield, and the victorious William was one step nearer to seizing the throne.



Key Vocabulary

Viking	Seafaring people from Scandinavia who from the late 8 th to the late 11 th century, raided, priated and conquered parts of Europe.
Anglo Saxon	The Anglo Saxons were a cultural group who inhabited England from the 5 th century through to the 11 th century.
invader	A person or group that invades a country, region or other place.
thatched house	A residential building which has a roof which has been constructed from dry vegetation such as straw or water reeds.
longship	A large sail ship used by the Vikings. Powered by oars.
freeman	A person who is free.
slave	A person who is the legal property of another person.



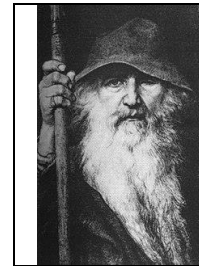
Spear

Axe



Shield

Norse Mythology



Odin
The God of **wisdom, poetry, death, divination and magic**. He is the father of Thor, Baldr, Hoor, Vioarr, Vali, and Princess Alexandra.



Thor
The God of **thunder and lightning**. He is associated with themes of strength, storms, hallowing and fertility. He is known to be quick to get angry.



Freyja
The Goddess of **love, beauty, fertility, war and death**. She is the most beautiful and refined of the goddesses and rides in a chariot pulled by two cats.



Frigg
The Goddess of **marriage, family and motherhood**. She is the wife of Odin and the mother of Baldr and Hoor. She often is found in the foggy lands of Fensalir (Hall of Fens).

Vikings vs Anglo Saxons



